

<p>1. Find the value of $\cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \beta + \cos^2 \gamma$, where α, β and γ are the angles that a vector makes with the x, y and z axes respectively.</p>	<p>2. Find a vector perpendicular to $3i - 2j + 4k$.</p>
<p>3. Calculate the angle between vector $3i - 4j - 5\sqrt{3}k$ and the x-y plane.</p>	<p>4. Use a vector method to find the shortest distance from the point $(3, -2, 5)$ to the line that passes through $(3, 2, 1)$ and $(1, 0, 2)$.</p>
<p>5. P and Q are points with position vectors \mathbf{p} and \mathbf{q} respectively. If $\mathbf{p} = 4, \mathbf{q} = 7$ and $\mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{q} = 20$, find \overrightarrow{PQ}.</p>	<p>6. Given points $A(3, -4), B(7, 0)$ and M between A and B, find the coordinates of M such that $\overrightarrow{AM} = 3\overrightarrow{MB}$.</p>
<p>7. Given points $A(3, -4), B(7, 0)$ and M on the extension of \overline{AB}, find the coordinates of M such that $\overrightarrow{AM} = 3\overrightarrow{BM}$.</p>	<p>8. Find a vector perpendicular to $\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}$ and $\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$.</p>
<p>9. Find a vector \mathbf{p} such that $\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}, \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$ and the vector \mathbf{p} are linearly dependent.</p>	<p>10. If \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} are linearly independent and \mathbf{d} is perpendicular to both \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b}, find a vector \mathbf{c} in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} such that \mathbf{c} and \mathbf{d} are also perpendicular.</p>
<p>11. Show that vectors $2\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} + 5\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{i} + 7\mathbf{j}$ are linearly dependent.</p>	<p>Numerical, algebraic and worded answers.</p> <p>1. 1 2. E.g. $2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$ 3. 60° 4. 4 5. 5 6. $(6, -1)$ 7. $(9, 2)$ 8. E.g. $\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$ 9. E.g. $\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$ 10. E.g. $\mathbf{c} = 2\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}$</p>